MOUSE HAVING A MASSAGE FEATURE

Description

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

[0001] 1. Field of the Invention

[0002] The present invention relate-relates generally to an input device for use-to-be used in a computer system. More particularly, the present invention relates to a mouse having massage feature.

[0003] 2. Description of the Related Art

[0004] Most computer systems, as for example general purpose computer such as portable computers and desktop computers, receive input from a user via an input device such as a mouse. As is generally well known, the mouse allows a user to move an input pointer (e.g., curser) and to make selections with respect to a graphical user interface (GUI) on a display screen. The mouse typically include includes a trackball or optical sensor (located at the bottom side of the mouse) for translating the motion of the users a user's hand into signals that the computer system can use. For example, by positioning the mouse on a desktop and moving it thereon, the user can move an input pointer or cursor in similar directions within the GUI. The mouse also conventionally includes one or more button-buttons, which are located on the top side of the mouse. These one or more button-buttons, when selected, can initiate a GUI action such as a menu or object selections. The one or more buttons are typically provided by one or more button caps (e.g., Through-through an opening in the housing).

[0005] Recently, a scroll wheel has been added to the mouse to give the user scrolling functionality to a user. The scroll wheel has been saves time and steps, and allows a user to move through documents by physically rolling the wheel forward or backward instead of clicking on

2

the scroll bar displayed on the GUI. The scrolling was implemented by selecting the scroll bar with the mouse, and moving the scroll bar on the GUI by moving the mouse up or down. A switch has also been incorporated into some mice for changing the mouse from a cursor control device. In cursor control mode, mouse movements control cursor movements, and in scroll control mode, mouse movements control scroll movements. In most cases, the scroll wheel and switch require a separate mechanical component for actuating the scrolling feature. These This device also generally requirerequires the mechanical component to be mounted in the mouse with a portion of it protruding out of a the mouse housing to allow a user saccess to a user's finger-aeeess, i.e., the housing includes a cut out to allow the mechanical component to protrude therethrough.

[0006] There are continuing efforts to improve their-form, functionality and feel [[;]]. For example several form of housing and position of operating region make user more comfortable and relaxing their muscle. As well known and use widely, The massaging to be useful in curing and relieving muscle stress, it would be desirable to provide the massage mechanism for a mouse that allow user able to choose activation of mechanism, including adjustable leveling of massaging, disabling and the massage disabling cover which will assembly into housing for more efficient disabling and using a mouse like unavailable massage mechanism. For example several forms of housing and operating regions make the mouse's use more comfortable and relaxing. As is well known and widely used, massage is useful in relieving muscle stress. It would be desirable to provide a mouse with a massage mechanism that allows a user to choose whether to activate the mechanism as well as to adjust the level of massage or to disable the mechanism by using a cover which, when assembled to the housing, allows for use of the mouse without massage.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

[0007] The invention relates, in one embodiment, to a peripheral input device for controlling movements on a display screen. The massage mouse includeincludes a housing, the a massage mechanism carried by the housing and a massage disabling cover which assembly assemble into the housing for massage mechanism disabling the massage mechanism and hide the massage

3

mechanism in a protruding portion out of the mouse housing.

[0008] The invention relates, in another embodiment, to a mouse having <u>a</u> massage region that is integrated into <u>the</u> housing <u>of a mouse</u>. The massage region represent represents a working area of <u>the</u> massage mechanism disposed inside the housing.

[0009] The invention relates, in another embodiment, to a mouse having a massage region that is integrated into the housing of a mouse and the a light detect system which use LDR as light sensor and integrated into the housing of a mouse. The light detect system is configured to detect the user's grip for activate activating the massage mechanism in the massage region.

[0010] The invention relates, in another embodiment, to a mouse having a massage region that is integrated into a the housing of the mouse and anadjustable leveling of massage system which use uses an adjustable resistor which is mounted in the mouse with portions of it protruding out of the mouse housing to allow a user is finger access access to a user's finger, i.e., the housing includes a cut out to allow a part of the adjustable resistor to protrude therethroughthrough.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0011] The invention will be readily understood by the following detailed description in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein like-reference numerals designate like structural elements, and in which:

[0012] FIG. 1 is a prespective perspective diagram of a peripheral input device, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0013] FIG. 2 is a simplified diagram of the peripheral input device components, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0014] FIG. 3 is a simplified diagram of plan view of the back side of a mouse having massage feature showing the switch, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

4

[0015] FIGS. 4A-4F Show the show plan viewviews of a mouse having massage feature in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0016] FIG. 4G Showshows a perspective view of a mouse having massage feature in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0017] FIGS. 5A-5F Show the show plan view views of the massage disabling cover in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0018] FIGS. 5G-5H Show the show perspective view view of the massage disabling cover in accordance with one embodiment of the present the invention.

[0019] FIG. 6A-6F Show-the show a plan view of a mouse having massage feature assembled with the massage disabling cover in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0020] FIG. 6G Show a prospectiveshows a perspective view of a mouse having massage feature assembled with the massage disabling cover in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0021] FIGS. 7A-7F Show-theshow plan viewviews of the massage mechanism with sectional viewviews of the massage region of housing in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0022] FIG. 7G Show a prespectiveshows a perspective view of the massage mechanism with a sectional view of the massage region of housing in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0023] FIG. 8 Showshows an exploded view of the massage mechanism of the present invention.

5

[0024] FIGS. 9A-9F Show-theshow plan viewviews of the cylindrical incline with gear in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0025] FIGS. 9G Show a prospective shows a perspective view of the cylindrical incline with gear in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0026] FIG. 10 is an end, cross-section view of the massage region which with a cut out of the housing with the massage button and spring which is are components of the massage mechanism, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

[0027] FIG. 11 Showshows a schematic diagram of the light sensing system sehematic-according to the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0028] Embodiments of invention are discussed below with reference to FIGS. 1-11. It is therefore a primary object of the invention to provide a mouse having massage feature. The mouse not only have movement has a tracking movement mechanism for cursor indication, but is also equipped with a massage mechanism.

[0029] FIGS. 4A-4F is-are plan views of a mouse having massage feature in accordance with one embodiment of the invention[[;]]. By peripheral input device, it is meant a mouse having massage feature capable to eonnectingconnect and sendingsend information to a host system such as a computer system by cable connection. Alternatively, a radio frequency (RF) link or optical infrared (IR) link may be used in order to eliminate the cable. As the a peripheral in-put input device, athe mouse having massage feature is configured to implement one or more tasktasks (e.g., Specificspecific functions) in the host system. For example, the mouse may use be used to control movements and/or perform actions on a display screen of the host system (e.g., via a graphical user interfaceGUI).

[0030] The mouse having massage feature in FIGS. 4A-4G includes housing that

6

provides a structure for gripping the device during use thereof (e.g., handheld). ReferReferring to FIG. 2, Thethe housing No. 25 also provide provides a structure for enclosing, containing and/or supporting the internal eomponent of components of a mouse having massage feature and supporting the massage disabling cover to assemble interior it. By the wayFor example, the internal components may correspond to a circuitry capable of processing/sending user inputs to the host system. That is, The contour of the housing embodies the outward physical appearance. The contour may be rectilinear, curvilinear or both.

[0031] The mouse having massage feature in FIGS. 4A-4G generally includes a massage region is-configured to provide a massage mechanism which is mounted inside the housing work through therefrom and which works there from. The massage region is a portion of the housing and a component of the massage mechanism for massaging user are massage button, say the massage buttons. The massage mechanism will work through the massage region by using a plurality of massage button-buttons protruding out of the housing.

[0032] The massage mechanism depicted in FIGS. 7A-7G is mounted inside the housing and is configured to work through the massage region. In activation refer to FIG. 8 Explodedshows an exploded view of the massage mechanism; an . An output shaft rotatebly is rotatably driven by a motor 1. A worm gear 2 s mounted at the tip of the output shaft that will rotate and drive the first reduction gear 6 by their contact gearteeth motivation gear teeth motion. AThe first reduction gear continuing 6 continues to drive a second reduction gear. Also a 7. The second reduction gear continuing 7 continues to drive the cylindrical incline with gear in order, 12 by their contact gearteeth motivation gear teeth motion. The rotation of the cylindrical incline 12 let the allows a massage button reciprocating movemovement of the massage button 14 along the hole designed hole in the massage region 16. The reciprocating move charactermovement of the massage button 14 take place due to occurs when the cylindrical incline with gear 12 is continuously rotatebly rotatably driven, said more than one revolution, and as the Thetip of the massage button in cylindrical incline is touching the top side of the is roller or other relate form cylindrical incline is induced to move. while designed Thethe massage button 14which is mounted through a hole in the massage region 16, so that the direction movement of the massage button movement 14 is limitlimited.; So Thus, the massage button 14 will reciprocating

7

movehave a reciprocated movement through designed the hole designed in the massage region

16. The spring is located between the massage button and inside the surface of the housing as shown in FIG. 10.

[0033] Refer Referring to FIG. 11, the The-light detect system which useuses Light Decreasing Resistor (LDR) LDR, as a light sensor, is configured to work through the a light operable window (see translucent window 21 in FIG. 2) which is mademakes up a substantial portion of the housing and is formed from a light transmissive material and/or translucent material. The light detect system use for allowused allows a user able to activate the massage mechanism while eatehinggrabbing the massage-mouse or by other light obstruction performanceactions which do not normally allow the light normally passthrough to pass through the light operable window, as for example covering an opaque material over the light operable window with an opaque material. Meanwhile, the LDR will decreasing decrease the electric resistance and the positive voltage signal will proceed from operationan operational amplifier IC1 under-with an adjustable resistance R5 (see also adjustable resistance 24 in FIG. 2) controlling, the adjusted electric current from source is to be supplied to a motor M1 passthrough the darlington through a Darlington transistor IC2 and switch SW1 (see also 26 at FIG. 3). The Darlington transistor in this schematic use is used as a current multiplier[[,]]. said adjusted current through adjustable resistor will use as base current by darlington transistor and Therefore, the multiplied current is supply supplied from the source passthrough supplymotoris multiplied through a Darlington transistor to power the motor. The switch use for close and unclosed circuitry selection: Said use as the preliminary operation for activate the massage mechanism in turn on position of switch and light due to there are cooperation of switch and the The light detect system using to eompletecompletes the massage mechanism activation. Furthermore, The massage mechanism is not actuated in turn off position. Refer to A DPDT (Double Pole, Double Throw) Switch-switch SW1 is chosen for controlling the motor directional rotation motor control. Because of As the DPDT switch is able to select the clockwise and counterclockwise rotation of the motor output shaft which effect to effects the rotational direction of the cylindrical incline; a portion of the cylindrical incline with gear and directional and thereby the relative position of the massage buttonbuttons interchangechange.

[0034] Refer to FIG. 8 The shows an exploded view of the massage mechanism. The motor 1 is mounted into a fixture 5 by serewsbolts 3 and 4 and a worm gear 2 is mounted at the tip of an output shaft. A first reduction gear No. 6 is located at pin No.9, and a second reduction gear No. 7 is located at pin No.10[[;]]. The cylindrical incline with gear No. 12 is located at pin No.13, with assembled bearing No.11. The bearing use for support11 is used for supporting the rotation of cylindrical incline with gear 11. Pin No. 9, 10 and 13 is are fixed into fixture perpendicularly respect to fixing region plane of fixture. The massage button is configured to work through the desired hole of massage region, the portion of fixture 5 perpendicular to the plane fixing portion of fixture 5. The massage button 14 is configured to work through the hole of the massage region 16, forming a portion of the housing. The spring 15 is located between the massage button and the inner surface of the massage region, portion of fineusing.

[0035] The output signal from an electric circuitry is transmitting totransmitted to the outside device through either an output cable or a wireless transmitting circuitry. In case of anAn output cable is protrude passthroughpasses through the housing at an output transmitting region No. 22, 2 in FIG. 2. In case of a wireless transmitting circuitry, is transmitting an output signal [[,]] is transmitted at an output transmitting region 22 will change it form to be signal transmitting window which formed from through a signal transmissive material and/or a translucent material and that makes upconstitutes a substantial portion of the housing.

[0036] ReferReferring to FIGS. 6A-6G, Thethe massage disabling cover is used for assemblebeing properly assembled into the mouse housing to help a user fully disabling massaging ordisable entirely the massage mechanism. Proper assembly, In a preferred embodiment, Thethe massage disabling cover may have any desired shape suitable to hide the massage region. User Thus the user is able to grip the assembled set of the mouse having massage feature with the massage disabling cover without touching the massage region. Furthermore, The the massage disabling cover may have any desired shape to provide a comfortable grip.

[0037] It is understood, of course, that while the form of the invention herein shown and

n

described constitutes a preferred embodiment of the invention, it is not intendintended to illustrate all possible formforms thereof. It will also be understood that the words are used as words of for description rather than for limitation, and that various changes may be made without departing form-from the spirit and scope of the disclosed invention-disclosed.

[0038] Although not shown, the mouse having massage feature may also include one or more buttons that provide clicking for performing aetionactions on the display screen. By way of example, the action may include selecting an item on the screen, opening a file or-document exacting instructions, starting a program, viewing a menu, and/or the like. The buttons may be widely varied. For example, the buttons may be mechanical buttons that are disposed through an opening in the housing or a unified button/housing that incorporates the functionality of a button (or button-buttons) directly into the housing-the. The mouse having massage feature may also behave a combination of the above (e.g., mechanical buttons and unified button housing). In the illustrated embodiment, the clicking action is provide provided by a unified button housing and thus there are no separate mechanism buttonbuttons.

[0039] Additionally, Thethe mouse having massage feature for performing additional movement on the display screen (e.g., by providing positional data to the host). Examples of position detection mechanism, which may be used, are optical arrangements, trackball arrangements, joystick arrangements, Mouse mouse pad arrangement23 (see FIG. 2) arrangements and the like. The position detection mechanism may provide functionality similar to the a mouse pad for example, the mouse pad as well as the position detection mechanisms may be used to perform cursor movement.

[0040] In one embodiment, the position <u>detection</u> mechanism, <u>which is commonly used in mice</u>, provides positional data corresponding to movements of the housing when <u>its-it is</u> moved across the <u>a</u> surface (e.g., a desktop)[[,]]. By way of example the position detection mechanism, both of which are commonly used in mice. Further, the position detection mechanism is generally positioned on the bottom side of the device (rather than on the top side where the touch pad, i.e., the movement sensitive areas, are located). In one implementation, a bottom side of the housing has an external contour that <u>substantialsubstantially</u> conforms to the contour of <u>a</u> flat surface

10

such as a desktop.

[0041] The term "scrolling" as used hereingenerally pertains to moving displayed data or images (e.g., text or graphics) across a viewing area on a display screen so that a new set of data or imagesimages (e.g., line of text or graphics) is brought into view in the viewing area. In most cases, once the viewing is full, each view set of data appears at the edge of the viewing area and all other sets of data move over one position. That is, the new set of data appears for each set of data that moves out of the viewing area. In essence, scrolling allows a user to view consecutive sets of data currently outside of the viewing area. The portion of the display screen (e.g., the window frame). By way of example, the scrolling may be used to help perform internet browsing, spreadsheet manipulation, viewing code, computer aided design, and the like.

[0042] In one embodiment, vertical scrolling is implemented finger is moved across the scrolling region in a first direction, as for example, from front-of to back or back to front[[,]]. This particular embodiment is shown in FIGS. 1A-1F FIG.1. In the-case of vertical scrolling when a user scrolls (or pans) down, each new set of data appears at the bottom of the viewing area and all other of data appears at the bottom of the viewing area and all other sets of data move up one position. If the viewing area is full, the top set of data moves out of the viewing area. Similarly, when a user scrolls (or pan-pans) up, each new set of data appearappears at the top of the viewing area and all other sets of data move down one position. If the viewing area is full, the bottom set of data movemoves out of the viewing area.

1-25 Canceled. 26. (New) A computer mouse comprising: a housing; a massage mechanism which has at least one button that protrudes out from said housing; and a cover which is attachable to and removable from said housing which, when assembled to said housing, covers said massage mechanism; and a light sensor positioned within said housing which senses the presence or absence of user's hand or said cover covering said light sensor, said light sensor providing a signal which turns on or off said massage mechanism depending on a presence or absence of said user's hand

27. (New) The computer mouse of claim 26, wherein the level of massage provided by said massage mechanism of said mouse is adjustable.

or said cover.

- 28. (New) The computer mouse of claim 26, wherein said massage mechanism includes a plurality of buttons each of which is spring biased against a rotatable surface which includes an inclined portion.
- 29. (New) The computer mouse of claim 26, wherein said light sensor is positioned in a center of said massage mechanism.
- 30. (New) The computer mouse of claim 26, wherein said cover has at least a portion which projects under said housing.

12

- 31. (New) The computer mouse of claim 26, wherein said housing has a contoured top and wherein said cover has a shape which matches said contoured top.
- 32. (New) The computer mouse of claim 28, wherein said rotatable surface is driven by an electric motor, further comprising a Double Pole, Double Throw switch for activation by a user to reverse a direction of the electric motor.
- 33. (New) The computer mouse of claim 32, wherein the electric circuit of said mouse uses a Darlington transistor as a current multiplier to multiply the current needed to power said electric motor of said massage mechanism.

13 MOUSE HAVING A MASSAGE FEATURE

Abstract

A peripheral input device for controlling movement on the screen More particularly, having massage feature. User can control the massaging of mouse by switch cooperate with light sensing and adjustable level of massaging The massaging help user relax and treat fatigue in effective area while using. A massage disabling cover is use for assemble into mouse housing and use mouse without massaging.

A computer mouse connected to a host computer includes a massage mechanism controlled by the user through a switch cooperating with a light sensing system. The user may also control the level of massage by an adjustable resistor. The massage stimuli administered help relax and treat fatigue. A disabling cover is provided which, when assembled to the housing, enables use of the device without massage as would occur, for example, with a conventional mouse.